

# Controlling in highly competitive high-tech industries

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# Agenda

1 Characteristics of semiconductor industry

2 Introduction to Infineon

3 Controlling at Infineon

4 Lessons learned from implementation of R&D controlling

5 Forecasting in a capital-intensive and volatile business

# More with less: semiconductors are vital building blocks in various crucial areas of life



More **energy** with less **resources**



More **performance** with less **energy**

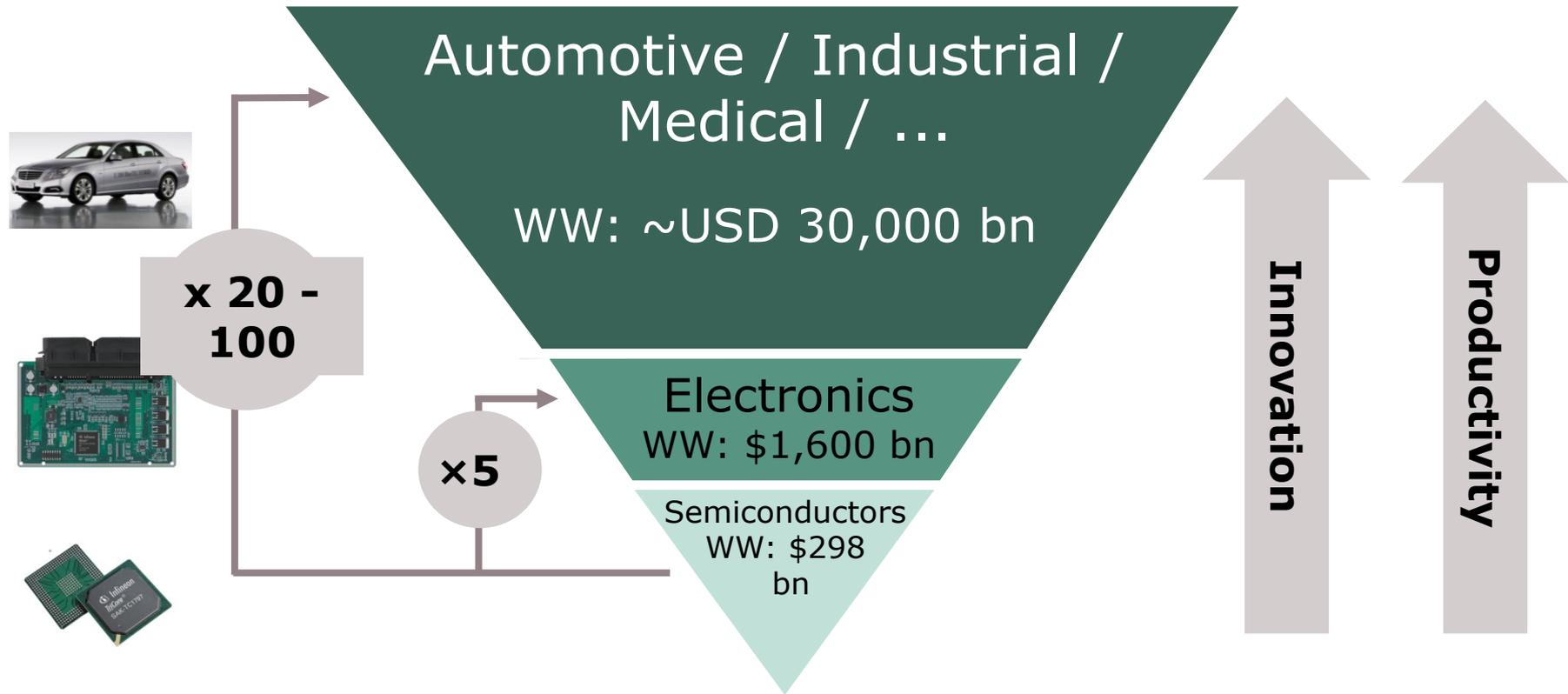


More **mobility** – safe and with less **CO<sub>2</sub>**



More **security** at lower cost

# The semiconductor industry has significant leverage on downstream innovation

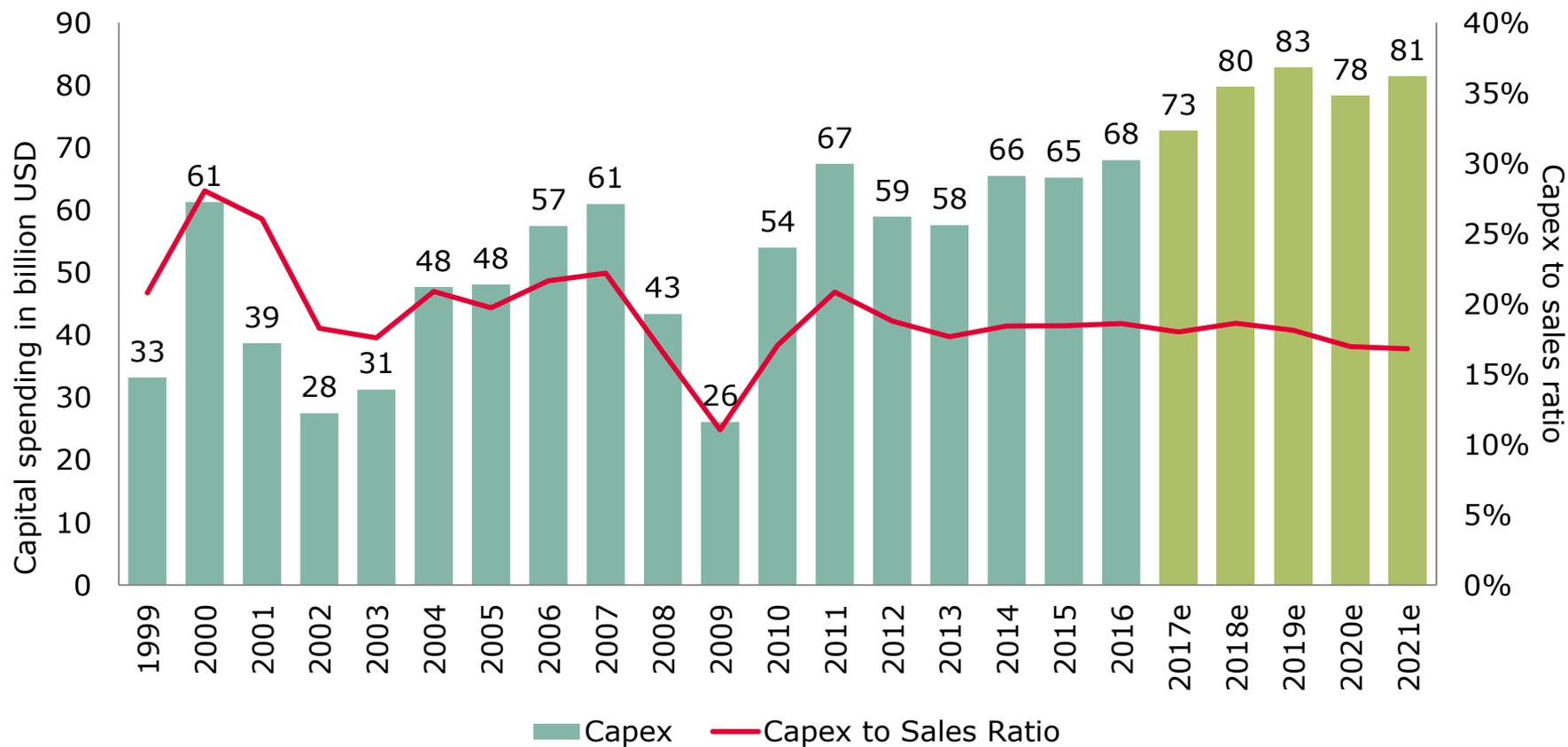


- > About 45% of the OECD Economic growth since 1985 comes from increased productivity; electronics is a key driver for this growth
- > Up to 80% of innovation in automotive is enabled by semiconductors, even more when it comes to Hybrid and EV

Source: DECISION, ESIA, Future Horizons, IMF, WSTS 2010, AUDI, OECD Factbook 2013, Infineon

# Capital intensity is slightly declining but very high compared to other industries

## Worldwide Semiconductor Capital Spending

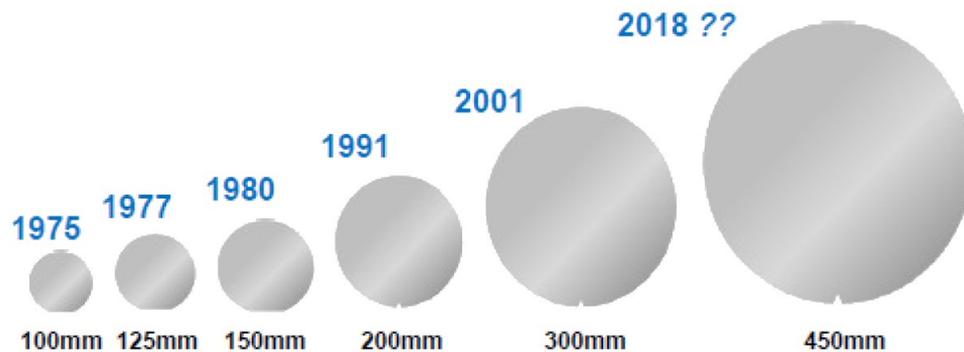


Calendar years.

Source: IC Insights, The McClean Report 2016, March 2016.

# Wafer diameter is a key lever for cost reduction but also drives scale of factories

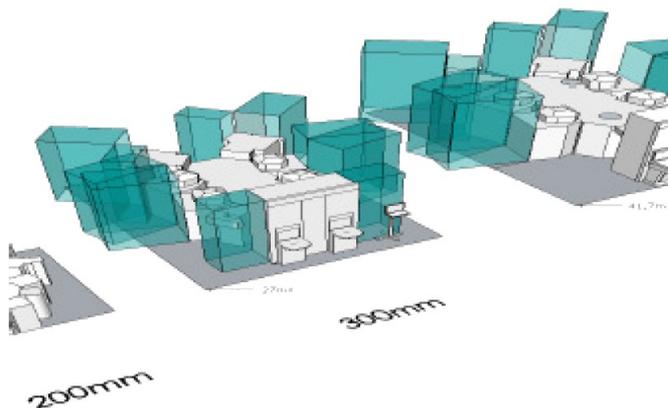
## Larger wafer diameters



### Wafer Transition

### Area Increase

100mm → 125mm	56%
100mm → 150mm	125%
125mm → 150mm	44%
150mm → 200mm	78%
200mm → 300mm	125%
300mm → 450mm	125%



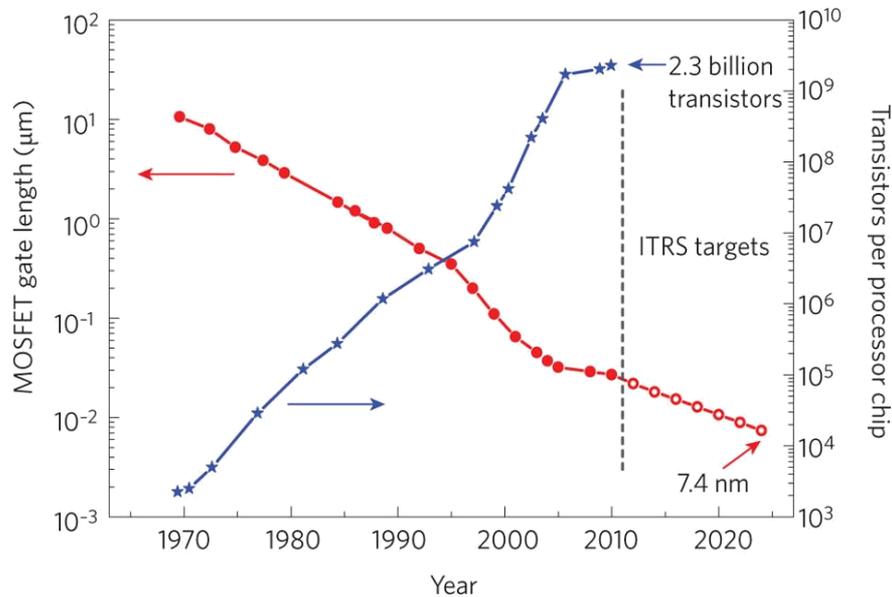
**SEMI Industry Strategy Symposium (ISS) – January 15, 2013:** Intel Corporation executives make first public presentation of 450mm silicon wafer patterned with 26nm features using nano imprint lithography.

Source: Intel, SEMI ISS 2013

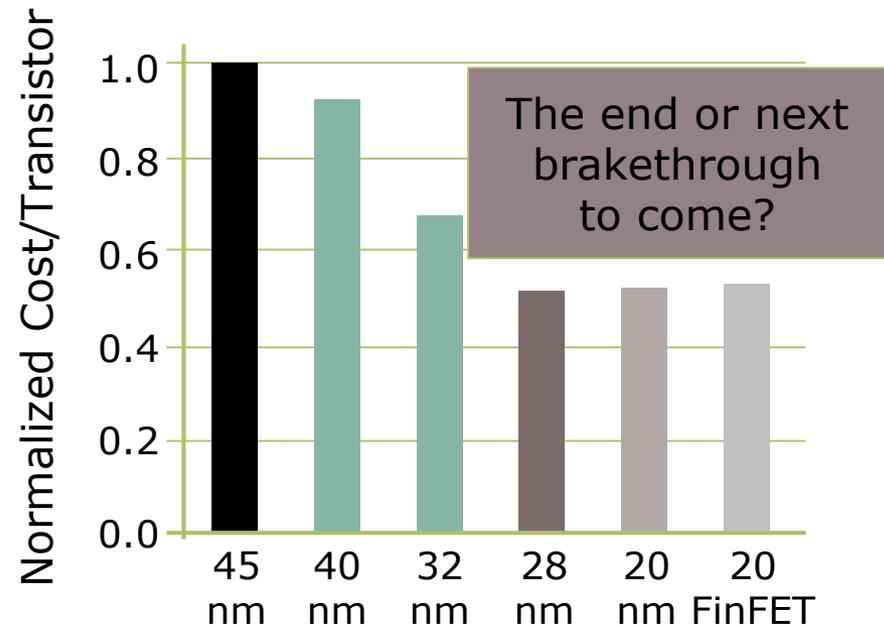
# Shrink of feature size as another key lever for cost reduction hits economical limits

Moore's Law - scaling for more than 20 generations: often assumed to be at the end but survived - now stalling!?

## Scaling of Gate Length



## Cost per Transistor Scaling



No cost/transistor crossover for first time at 28 → 20nm transition expected. But system integration is still a driver.

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# Leadership in system understanding will foster future growth



## Competitive advantages

**System leader in Automotive**

**#1 and technology leader in Power**

**Leader in Security Solutions**

## Leading in system-crucial categories



Courtesy: BMW Group

- › Advanced Driver Assistance System (ADAS) - Infineon AURIX™  $\mu$ C, the central processing unit responsible for all safety relevant decisions
- › Sensors – pressure, magnetic and radar sensors for safety and comfort features
- › CO<sub>2</sub> reduction – Infineon enables energy efficient and compact designs in all areas requiring electronics

# Leadership in system understanding will foster future growth

## Competitive advantages

**System leader in Automotive**

**#1 and technology leader in Power**

**Leader in Security Solutions**

## Broad product & technology portfolio



- › System leader with digitalization of the control loop and functional integration
- › 300mm thin-wafer manufacturing for power semiconductors
- › Leader in next-generation power semiconductor materials GaN and SiC

# Leadership in system understanding will foster future growth

## Competitive advantages

**System leader in Automotive**

**#1 and technology leader in Power**

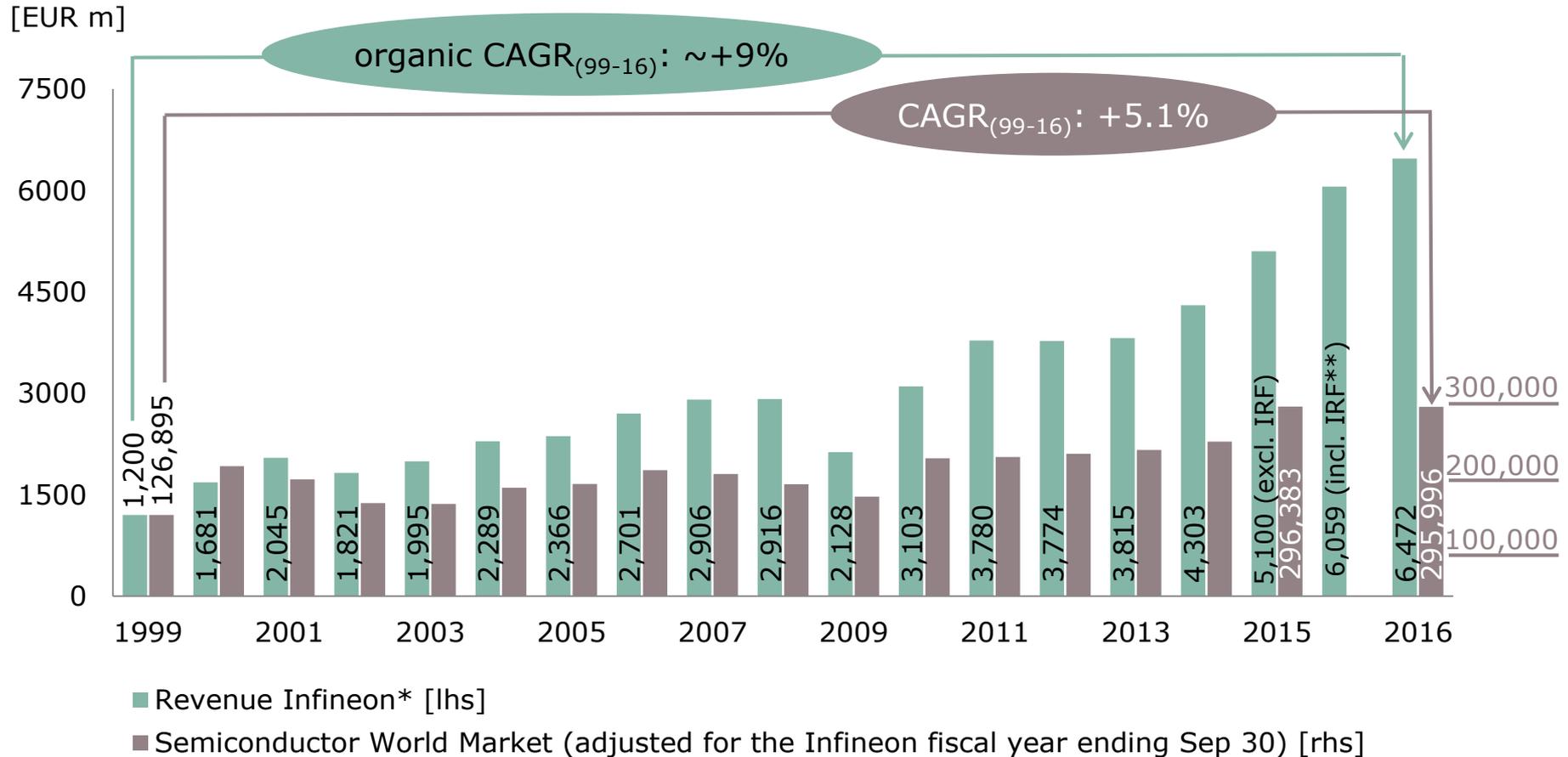
**Leader in Security Solutions**

## Mobile Communication & IoT Security



- › Hardware based security for
  - Compliance with security mechanisms determined on application level
  - Secure & trusted environment for data storage and code execution
  - Protection against manipulation, access and theft of secrets
- › Machine-to-Machine communication as backbone for reliable operation

# Infineon's revenue development (excl. IRF) outperformed total semi market



\* Based on Infineon's portfolio (excl. Other Operating Segments and Corporate & Eliminations) per end of FY16.

\*\* If International Rectifier had been consolidated since 1 Oct 2014, Infineon would have recorded revenues of €6,059m in FY15.

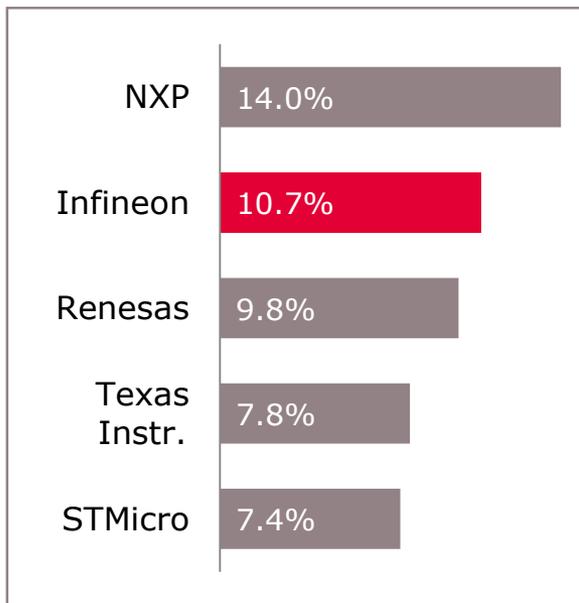
Source: Infineon; WSTS (World Semiconductor Trade Statistics), November 2016

# Infineon increased relative market share in power and outperformed chip card market



## Automotive semiconductors

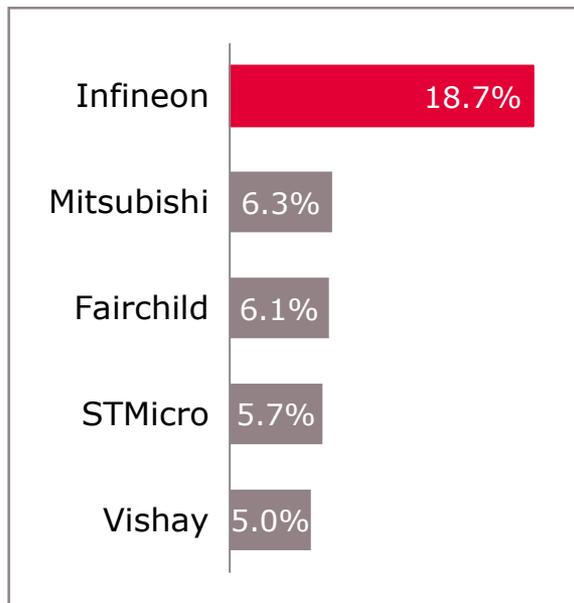
total market in 2016: \$30.2bn



Source: Strategy Analytics, April 2017

## Power discretes and modules

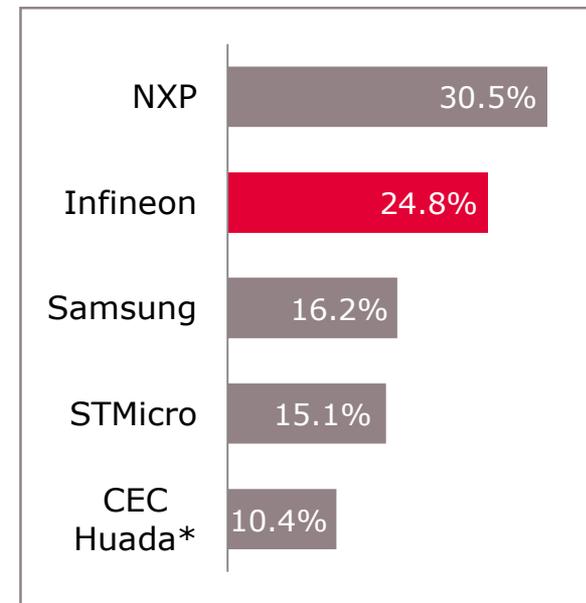
total market in 2015: \$14.8bn



Source: IHS Markit, October 2016

## Smart Card ICs

total market in 2015: \$2.72bn



Source: IHS Markit, July 2016

\* including SHIC (in 2015, SHIC was acquired by CEC Huada.)

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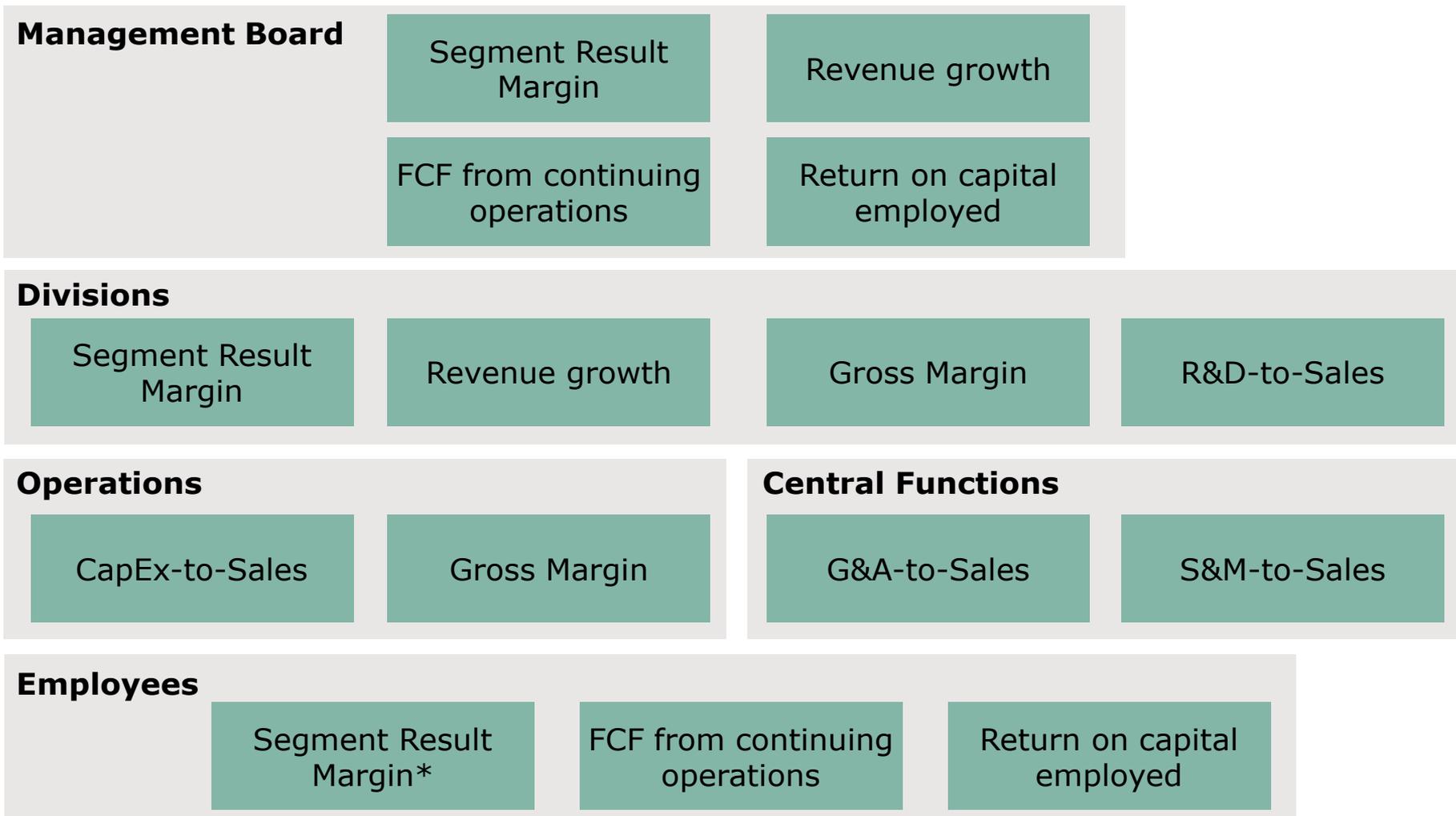
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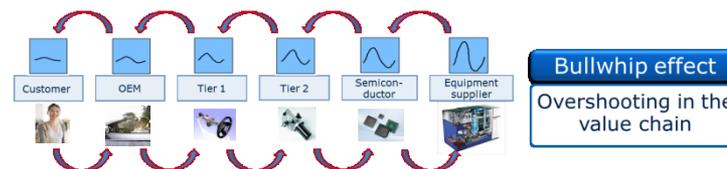
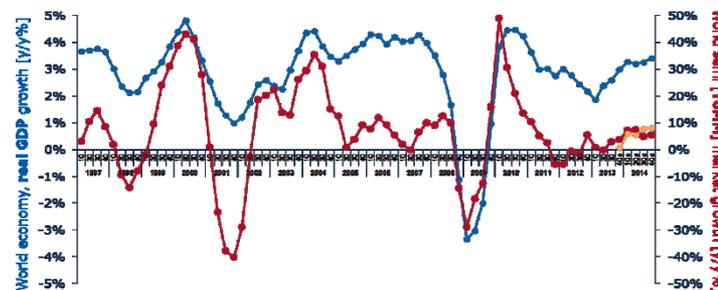
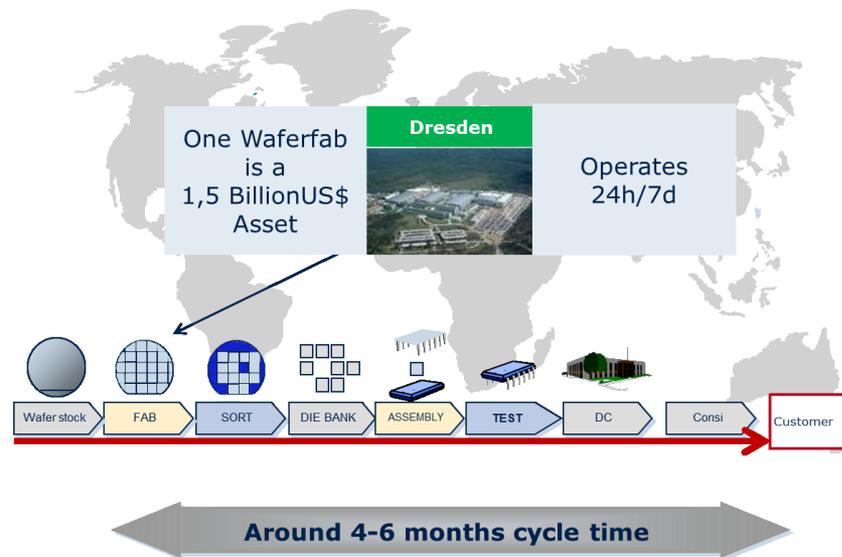
# Main controlling KPIs at Infineon



\* Segment result margin of respective Division or revenue-weighted average of all Divisions if employee works in Operations or Central Functions

# Semiconductor industry characteristics

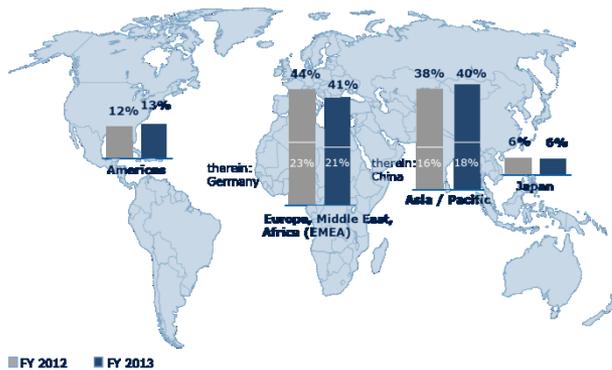
- > Asset Intense Industry
- > Long Production Lead Time
- > Significant Demand Fluctuation
- > Early in the Value Chain



# Three major stakeholders in Infineon's planning process



## Regions



Regional Account Teams

**Uncapped Demand**

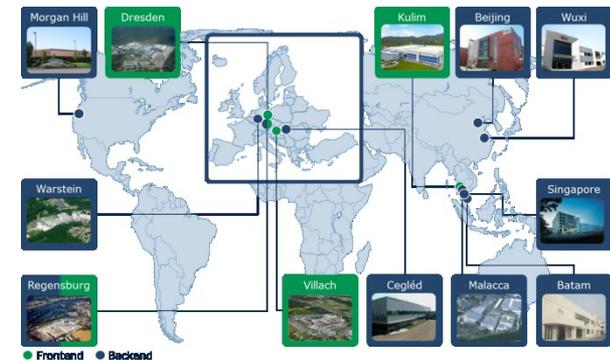
## Four Divisions



P&L Responsibility

**Consolidated Demand and Release**

## Operations



Global Production and Distribution Network

**Capacity & Supply**

# Stakeholders are aligned within one planning cycle

## Planning Cycle

### Demand



- › Uncapped Demand Signal
- › Price Planning

### Load



- › Consolidated but still Uncapped Demand
- › Flexibility Planning
- › Stock and Contingency Planning
- › Review of Resulting Load to Resources

### Capacity



- › Invest Proposals
- › Capacity Feedback

### Adjust & Release



- › Invest Decisions/Reservations
- › Adjusted Plan for Demand, Load and Capacity

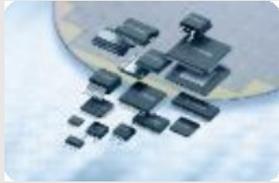
# Multidimensional big picture within online planning cube for integrated decision making

Demand

Load

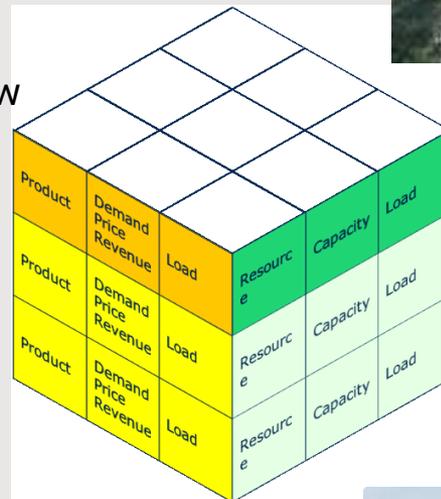
Capacity

Adjust & Release



Demand/Product View

- > Volume, Price, Revenue
- > Region, Currency



Resource View

- > (Allocated) Capacity
- > Reserved Capacity
- > Idle Capacity

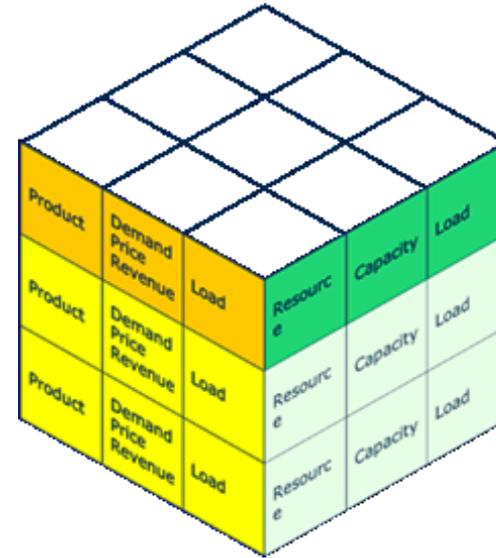


Load View

- > Load for Revenue
- > Load for Stock
- > Inventory

All Planning dimensions are available and aligned at all planning steps

# Adding Financial Key Parameters to Planning Cube translates it into a Financial Statement



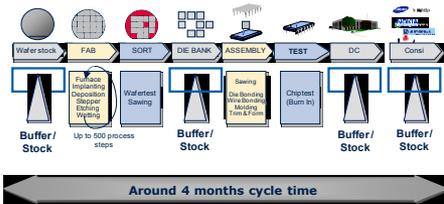
Financial Parameters  
Sourced from Finance Systems

- > Price per Piece
- > Cost per Piece
- > Cost per Idle Capacity Unit
- > ...

Volume related inputs to  
Financial Forecast Statement

- > Revenue
- > Cost
- > Margin
- > Idle Cost
- > Inventory Value
- > ...

# Multidimensional picture for controlling landscape

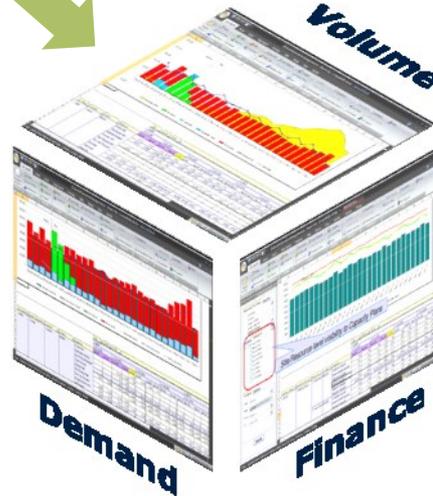


## Production Site

- > Capacity
- > Utilization
- > Idle Cost
- > Necessary Invests

## Production Network

- > Flexibility
- > Stock development

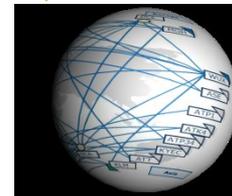


## Customer Demand

- > Volume
- > New Products

## Product

- > Currency
- > Regional Split
- > Price
- > Cost of Sales



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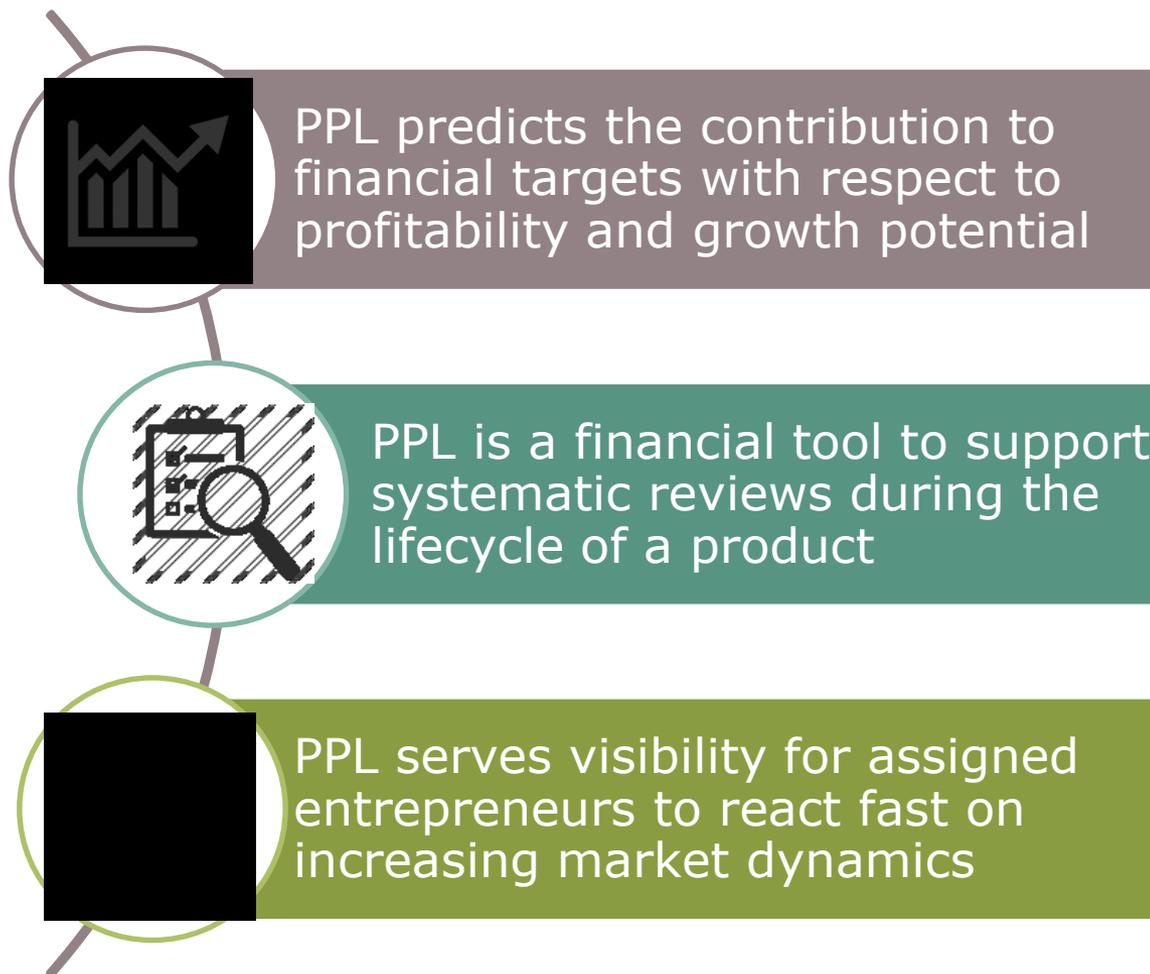
5 Forecasting in a capital-intensive and volatile business

A close-up photograph of a man with short, light-colored hair, wearing clear safety glasses. He has a serious, focused expression. The background is blurred, showing what appears to be a laboratory or industrial setting with a purple object on the left.

What projects do we invest our  
R&D money in and how  
profitable are they?

The PPL lies at the core of our  
financial R&D project controlling

# Purpose of a Product Plan - PPL



A PPL is a joint commitment of...

- Sales & Marketing on future customer projects in terms of price, volume and product specifications
- Operations regarding future manufacturing cost
- R&D regarding project timeline, resource commitment and project cost development
- Finance

# Replace excel by a system – the three key elements of ePPL 2.0

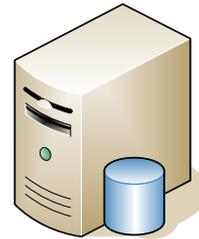
Data sources

Calculation Tool

Reporting



OCC



ePPL 2.0 DB



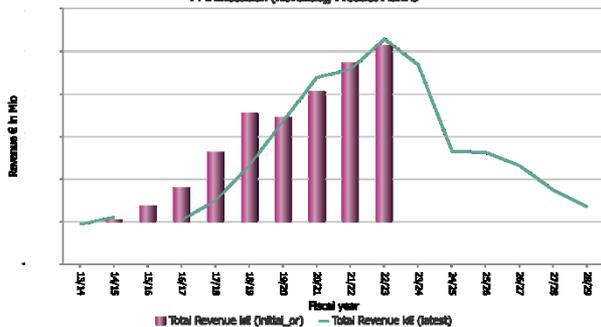
BI Portal



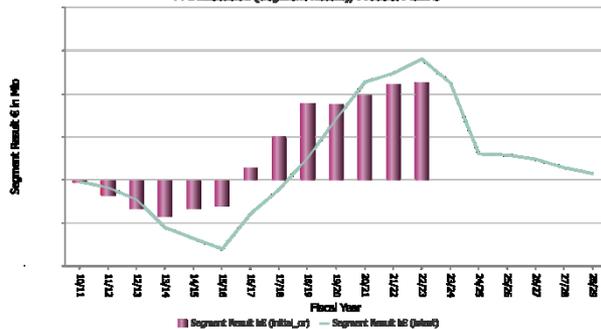
# KPI: PPL Execution

## Product Segment A

PPL Execution (Revenue) Product Plans 3

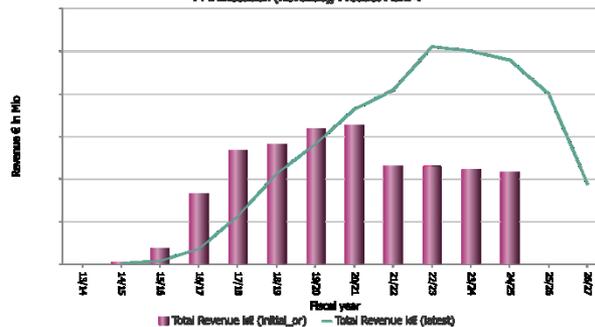


PPL Execution (Segment Result) Product Plans 3

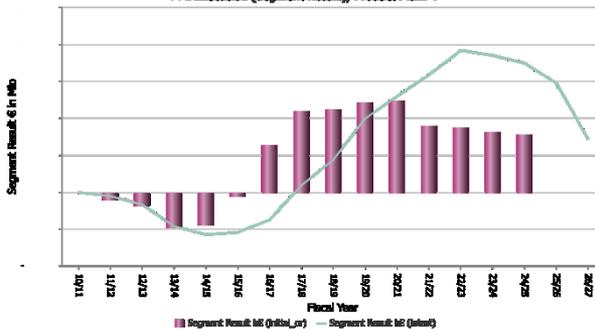


## Product Segment B

PPL Execution (Revenue) Product Plans 4

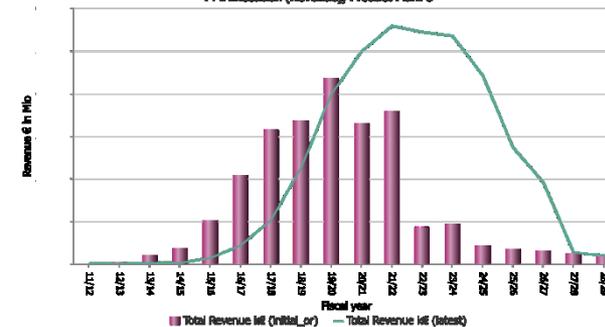


PPL Execution (Segment Result) Product Plans 4

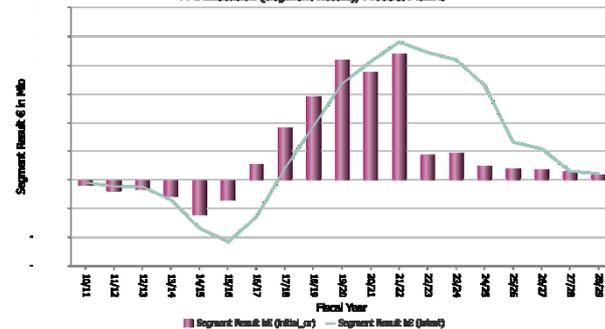


## Product Segment C

PPL Execution (Revenue) Product Plans 5



PPL Execution (Segment Result) Product Plans 5

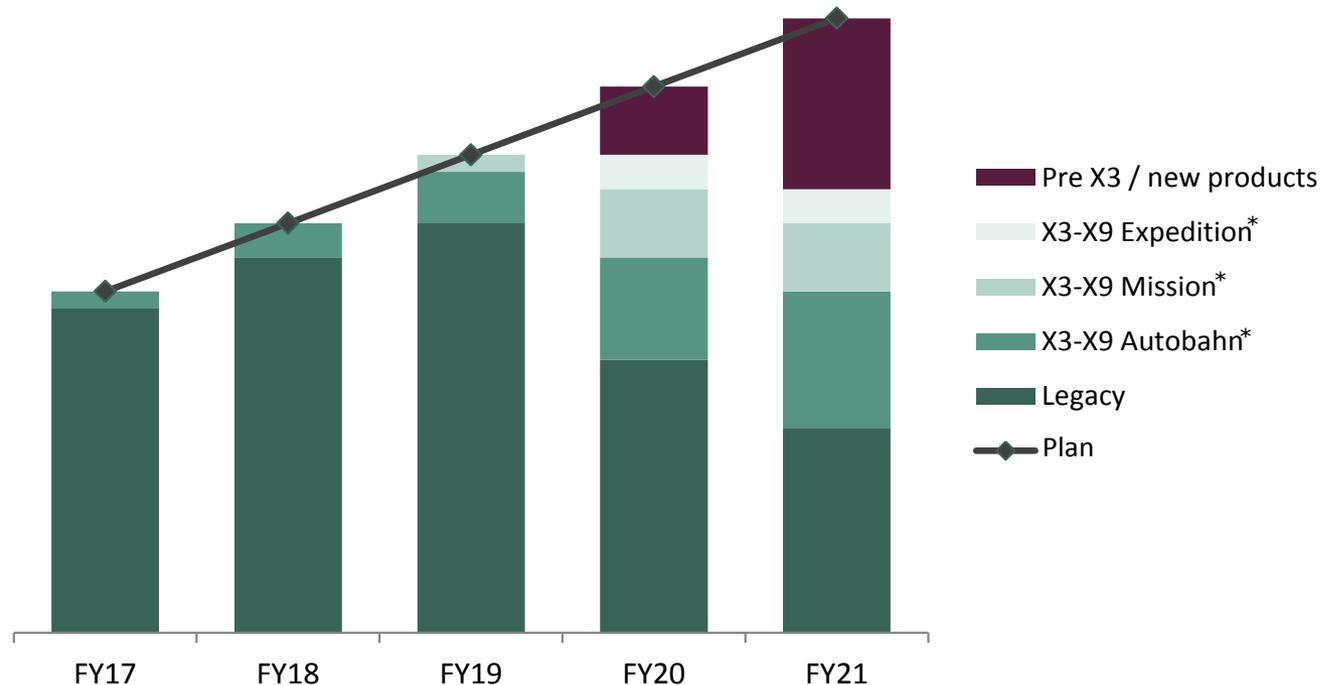


- Measure for project planning accuracy
- Measure for actual time-to-market

# MI: Strategic 5-year plan vs. R&D pipeline coverage

How much revenue is planned with products which are currently under development (Milestone 3- Milestone 9) during 5-year planning timeframe, what is the risk profile (execution, time to market) of the plan

Measurement: Coverage of revenue with products currently under development



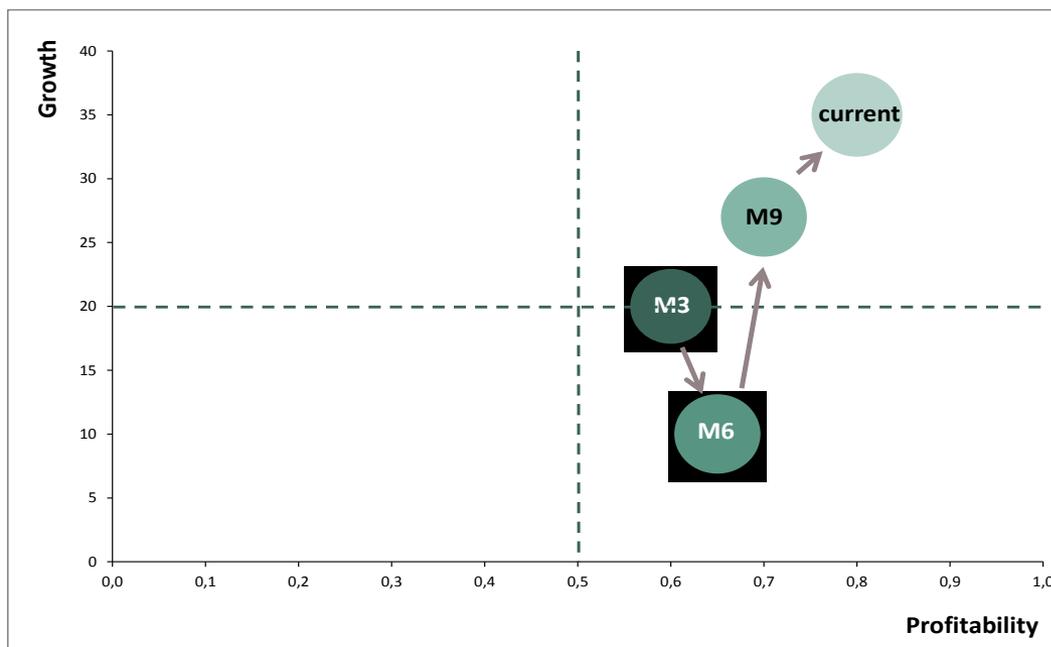
Project categories: 1) Expedition: Dynamic boundary conditions, high level of uncertainties. 2) Mission: Possible changes to boundary conditions, significant but manageable uncertainties. 3) Autobahn: Stable boundary conditions, low level of uncertainties.

# KPI: Conversion rate of R&D into revenue

How does a project/product contribute to growth and profitability of a Division/Business Line/Product Line?

What is the conversion rate of an R&D investment into revenue, what is the profitability compared to the segment targets / expectation?

- Measurement 1: Conversion rate of 1€ project specific R&D into X€ cum. revenue
- Measurement 2:  $\emptyset$  product-cost-margin of product/project compared to targets in 5y-plan
- Measurement 3: Planning stability between Milestone 3 and Milestone 9



*Div / BL / PL specific aggregation*

# Lessons learned during PPL roll out

- › Ease of use and value add required to provide incentive for adoption “bottom up”
  - Certain simplifications to be jointly agreed in the finance community to reduce the degree of complexity
  - Data available in other systems needs to be automatically fed into the system to reduce workload
  - User interface needs to be convenient and fast
- › Tone from the top both by the technical and finance side required to support roll out “top down”
  - Improved transparency in an area which is at the core of the decision power of the divisions not always welcome (potential fear of increased top down interference)
  - It takes a considerable time before contents provide full benefit in terms of controlling

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# Proliferation of data has the potential to change how we think of business strategy

The quantity of data that is generated today and has become available

**VOLUME**



The speed at which data is generated has increased vastly

**VELOCITY**



The sheer variety/types of data that is available today has increased

**VARIETY**



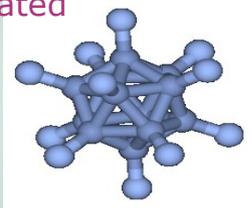
The inconsistency which can be shown by the data at times

**VARIABILITY & INCONSISTENCY**



The data is often unstructured and not linked, connected or correlated

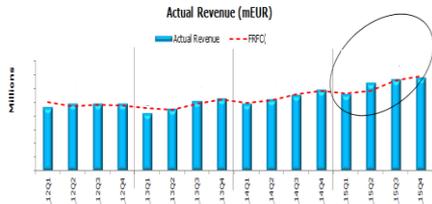
**COMPLEXITY**



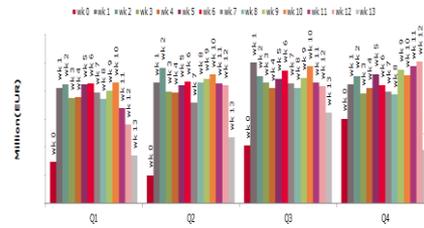
# Exploratory Data Analysis

## A few of the key data points considered

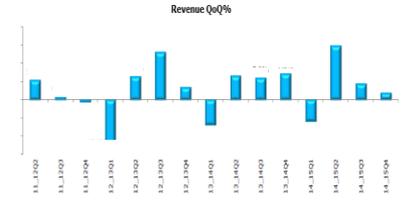
### Revenue Trend Analysis (Yearly)



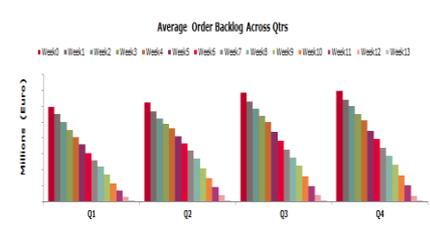
### Revenue Trend Analysis (Quarterly & Weekly)



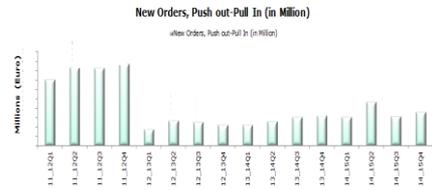
### Quarter on quarter Trend Analysis



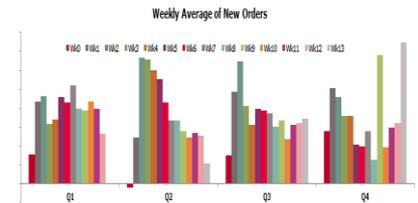
### OBL & CU\_FC Trend Analysis (Q'ly & W'ly)



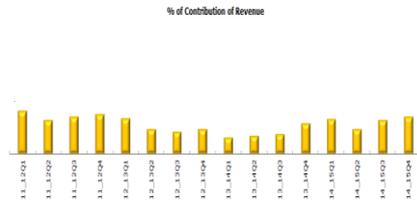
### New Orders Trend Analysis (Quarterly)



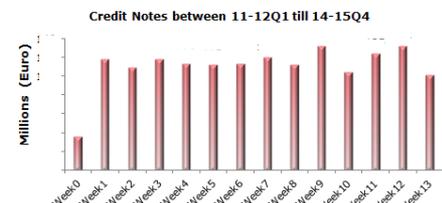
### New Orders Trend Analysis (Weekly)



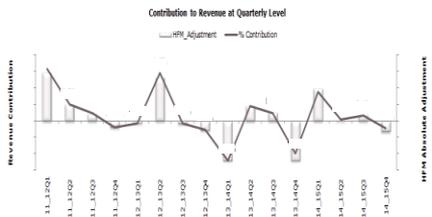
### Order cancellations Trend Analysis (Q & Wly)



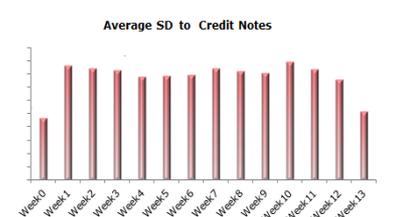
### Credit Notes Trend Analysis (Q'ly & Weekly)



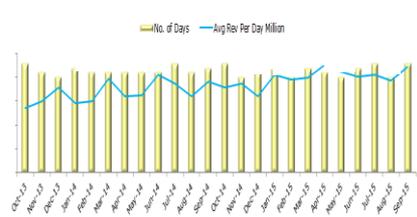
### HFM Adjustments Analysis



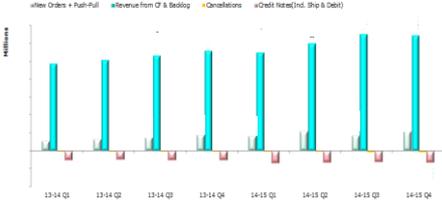
### S&D Notes Trend Analysis (Q'ly & Weekly)



### Number of Days (Sales) Impact on Revenue

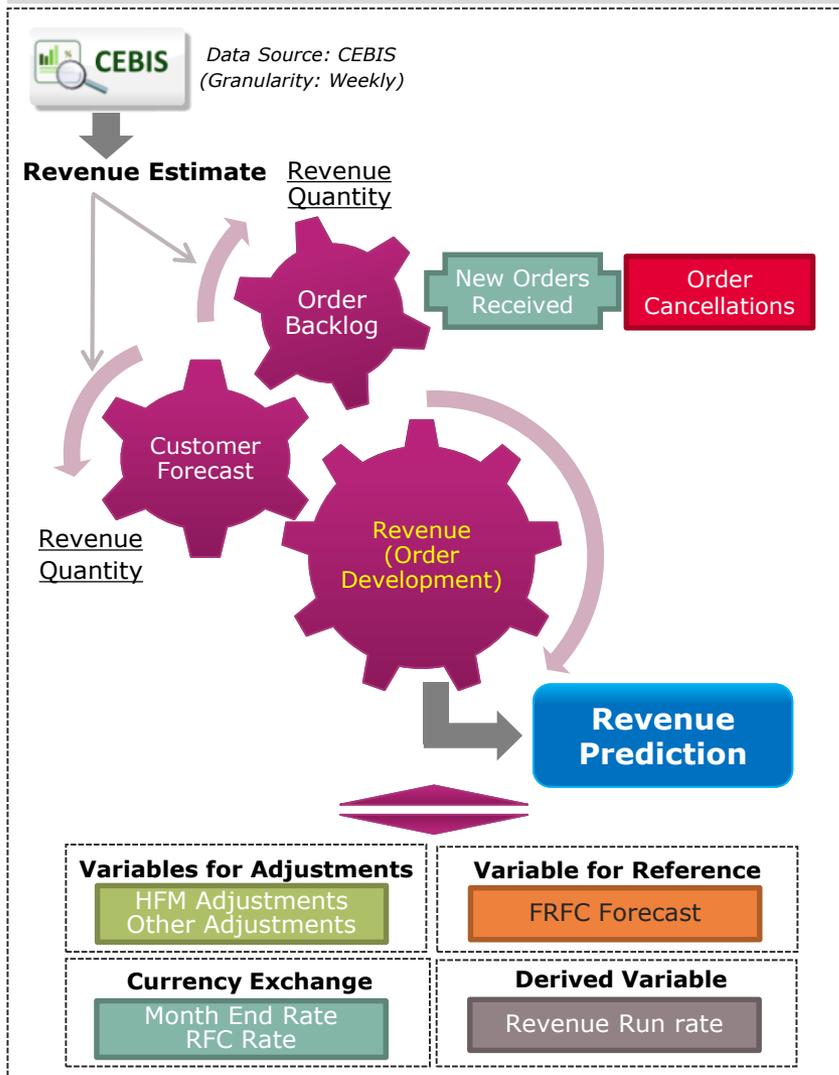


### Revenue Composition Analysis



# Infineon Group revenue prediction model construct

## Model Construct



## IFX Group Prediction Model: Major Features

I

Consistent Data Integrity & Quality checks and Profiling



(x)

Variable / Feature selection and extensive Exploratory data Analysis

II

III

Quarterly & Mid-Quarter Iterations with close feedback loops and Regular model evolution



(x)

Emphasis on 'Complexity reduction', 'Mathematical validation' & 'Avoidance of over-fitting'

IV

V

High levels of Prediction Accuracy with Actionable Insights



(x)

Embedding the Outcome of the Analytical Model in IT Solutions for Business consumption

VI

# IFX Group Revenue Prediction Model

## Multi-iterations with High Prediction Accuracy



Base Model

Model with core variables:  
Cash Flow, Order Backlog,  
New Orders, Credit Notes &  
Order Cancellation etc.

**Iteration – I & II**  
Oct'15-Jan'16



Advance Model

Two distinct prediction models for  
euro and non-euro 'Revenue'  
components; using Month-end  
Exchange Rate & RFC Exchange Rate

**Iteration– III, IV, IVA, V**  
Apr'16-Jul'16-Oct'16



Operationalization  
(Advance  
Model)

End to End automation  
and result integration  
with CEBIS

**Iteration – VI, VIA**  
Jan'17



Next Level

*In – Progress*  
Advance Algorithm and  
Model Refresh

**Future Iterations..**

**Prediction  
Accuracy**

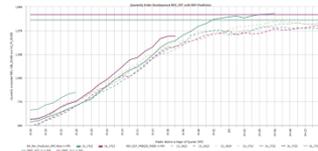
**Oct'15: 0.7%**  
**Jan'16: 1.5%**

**Apr'16: 1.8 -2.6 %**  
**Jul'16: 0.7 - 1%**  
**Oct'16: 1.3 – 2.4%**

*to be updated  
after FY1617 Q2  
Closure*

Revenues (mEUR)	Q1	Q2	Q3
FRFC	1273.64	1360.4	1440.5
Iteration Oct'15	1294.53	1349.58	
Iteration Jan'16		1393.79	1435.65
Iteration mid-Feb'16			1437.84

Revenues (mEUR)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
FRFC	1273.64	1360.4	1440.5	1433.1	1369.1
Iteration Oct'15	1294.53	1349.58			
Iteration Jan'16			1435.65		
Iteration mid-Feb'16			1437.84		
Iteration Apr'16 (Month end exchange rate)			1,411.8	1,480.0	
Iteration Jul'16 (Month end exchange rate)			1,422.8	1,453.1	
Iteration Oct'16 (Month end exchange rate)			1,406.8	1,401.7	



Next  
Level

Thank you for your attention





Part of your life. Part of tomorrow.

