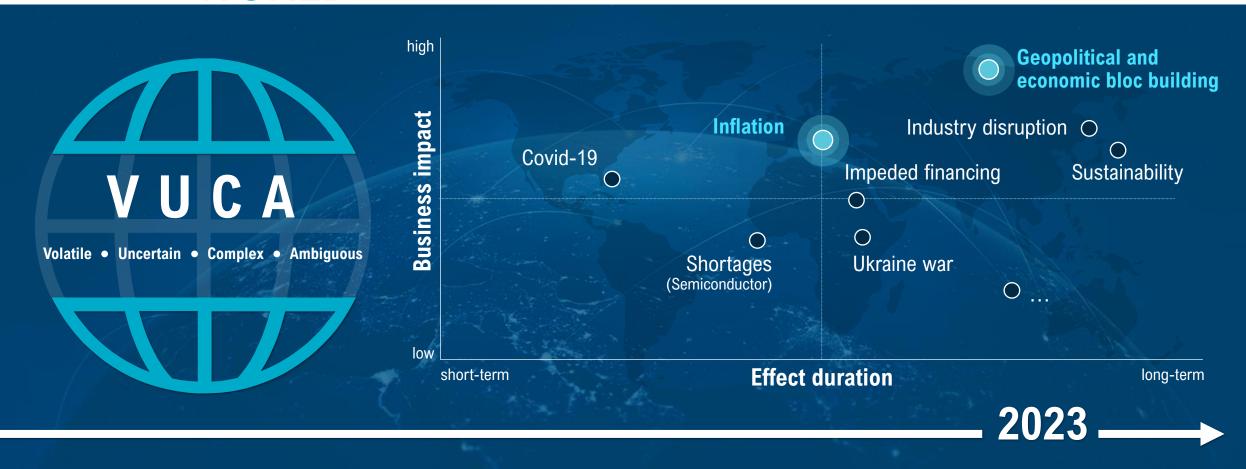
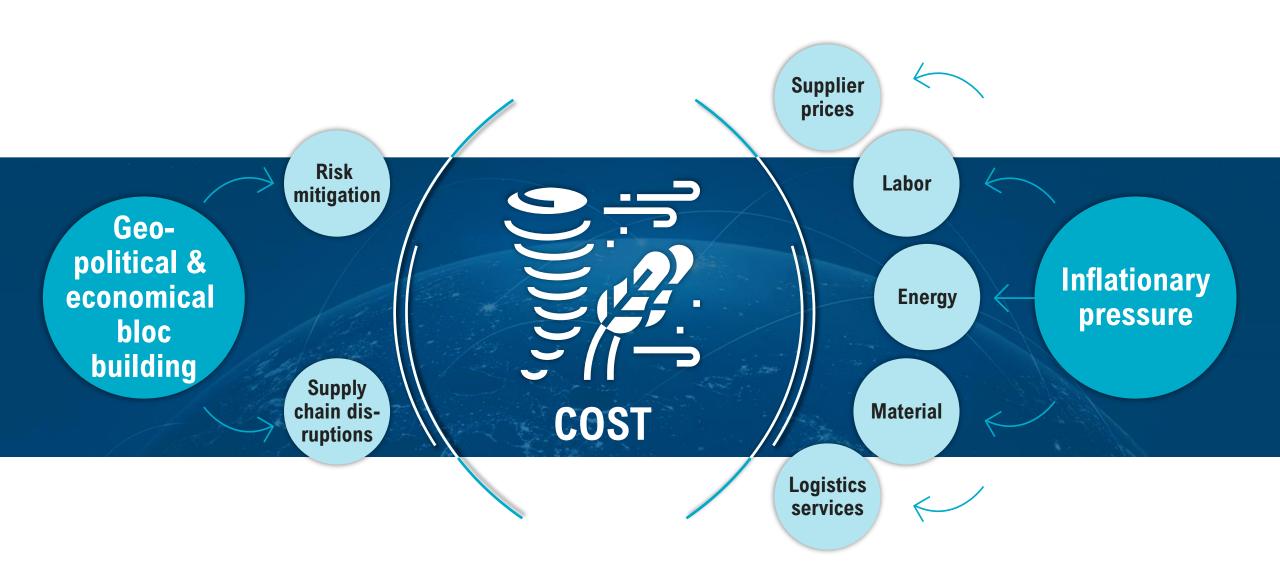


The VUCA world creates many challenges – Geopolitical & economical bloc building as well as inflation defense on top of the agenda for many CEOs

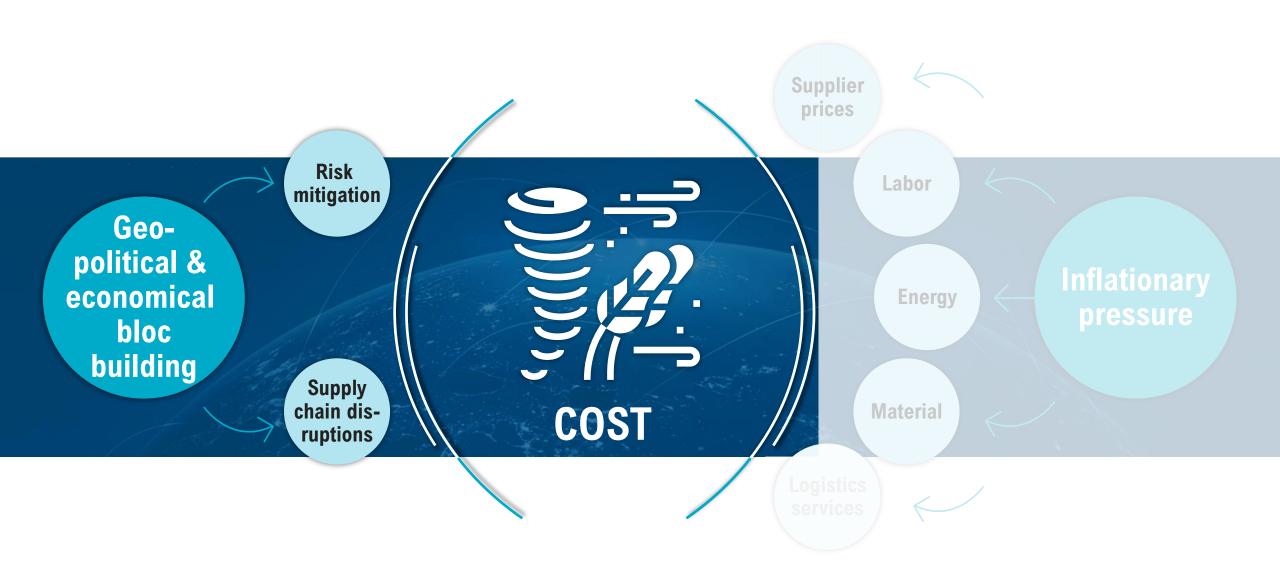
VUCA WORLD CHALLENGES



Both challenges create additional cost pressure for companies



Challenge 1: Geopolitical & economical bloc building



Current initiatives are bottom-up and disconnected – Companies jeopardize their future





Risky
Expensive
Inconsistent
Inefficient

Therefore, a top-down view is required to derive a holistic, consistent & economically feasible plan

What it takes to stay on course – Overview

Prioritization of challenges – Focus in this paper:
Geopolitical and economical bloc building

Top-down alignment on geopolitical and economical scenarios & risk appetite





Bottom-up development of **functional mitigation plans**









Basis for holistic, consistent & economically feasible plan



Companies can follow six decision points to "connect the dots" and provide guidance to the organization

What it takes to stay on course – A decision framework

mitigation

Synchronization across mitigation

plans & business case

DECISION FRAMEWORK

Top-down alignment

Bottom-up

development

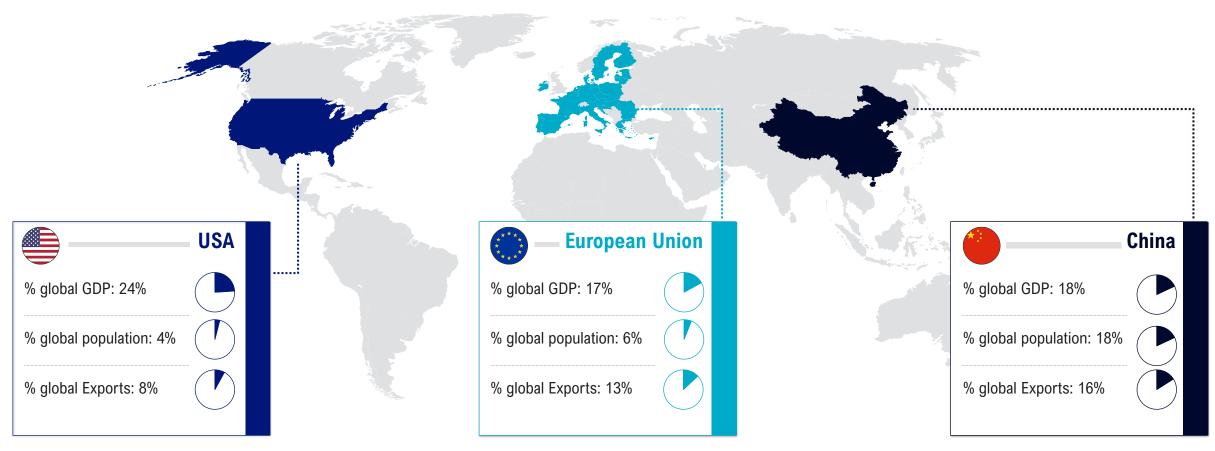






Today's economic world order is shaped and challenged by three major blocs that produce more than half of the global economic output

Socio-economic key indicators of the world's three major blocs

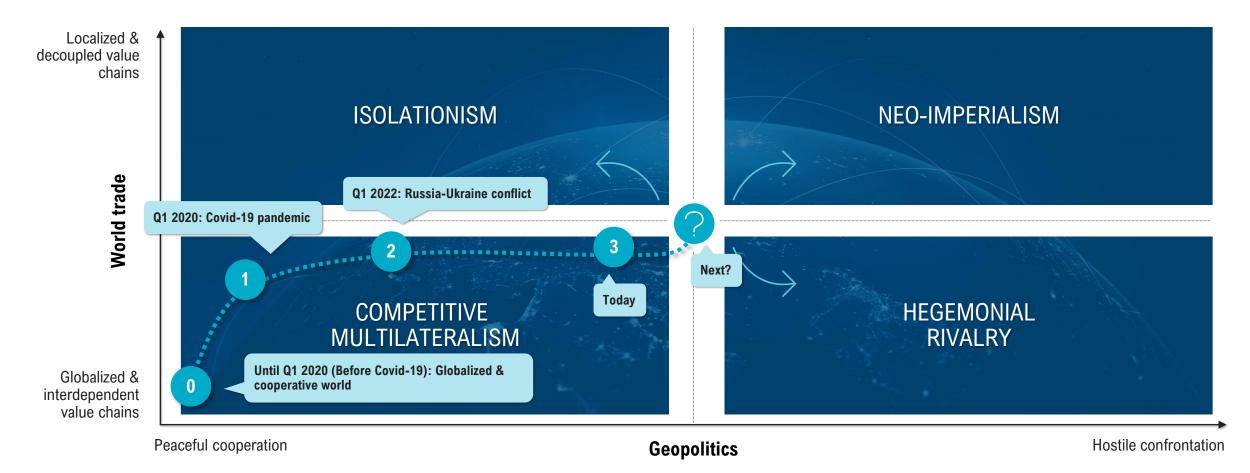


GDP numbers based on 2022 data (constant 2015 USD) Population data as of 2022 Export numbers based on 2020 data

Source: Oxford Economics, World Bank, WITS, Eurostat

Recently, world trade has slowed down and geopolitical confrontation hiked in the wake of Russia's invasion of Ukraine – We see four scenarios for the world order

International order scenario matrix¹⁾

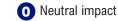


Except in the scenario competitive multilateralism, Europe is likely to be negatively impacted - Relationship between US and China as key impact driver

Impact of different scenarios on world regions

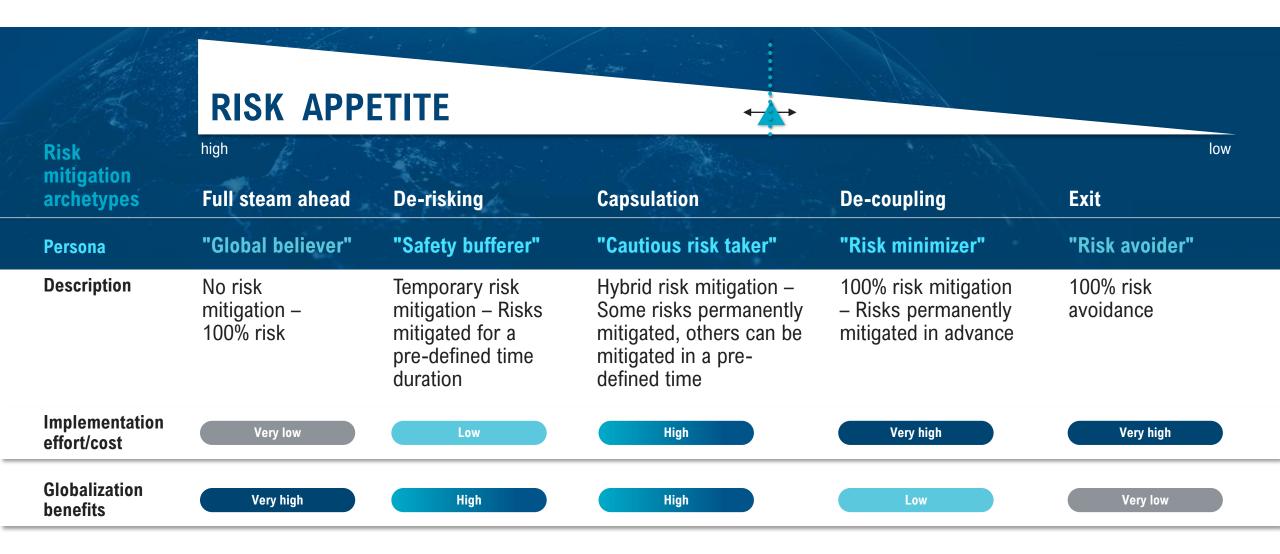
COMPETITIVE HEGEMONIAL RIVALRY ISOLATIONISM NEO-IMPERIALISM MULTILATERALISM Continues role as guardian of Increases sanctions on China, Strengthens USMCA, benefit Higher military spending, internal 0 continues trade with RoW international rule of law through from big internal market, lower market and stronger trade with multilateral institutions trade with EU and China EU only partly compensate losses **Economically hurt by US Continues trade with both China** Strengthened internal market Increased military spending, and the US, remains dependent sanctions on China, higher trade cannot compensate losses from cuts ties to China to remain on US as military and geopolitical volume with US cannot compensate reduced trade under NATO protection these losses partner Continues building its international Compensates trade losses with Relies on ties to selected BRI Increases military presence in 0 0 US and EU through strengthened soft power while strategically countries and strong internal Pacific, trade with selected BRI investing in EU and other emerging ties to selected BRI countries countries & internal market partly market, but problems with countries demography in the long run compensate losses Must align with one of the major Can trade with all three major Major blocs court these countries Forced to pick sides – trade blocs - less trade hurts their blocs, new blocs around regional who might benefit from stronger with allies cannot compensate economies losses from lower global trade economic powers (e.g., India) will military and economic cooperation with one or two of the major blocs emerge







Therefore, companies need to decide on their risk appetite to provide guidance to the organization – Five archetypes

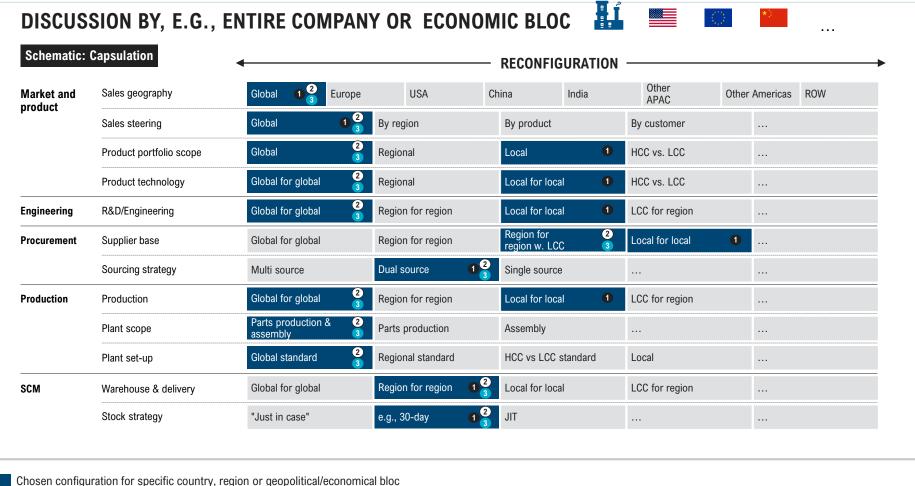


Dependent on the risk appetite, the impact on the company configuration must be derived

Configuration example: Capsulation



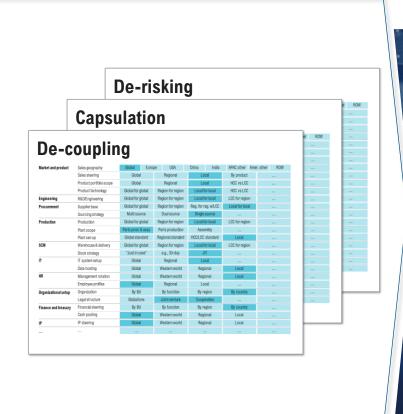


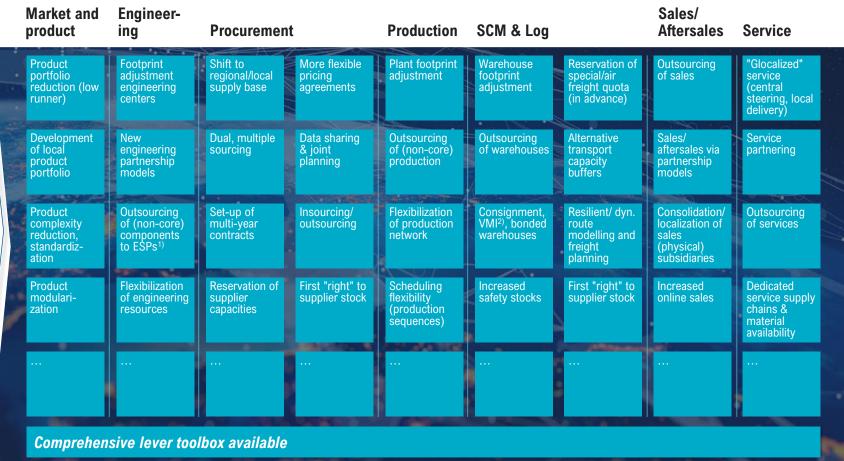




Based on the re-configuration requirements, functions can develop mitigation plans

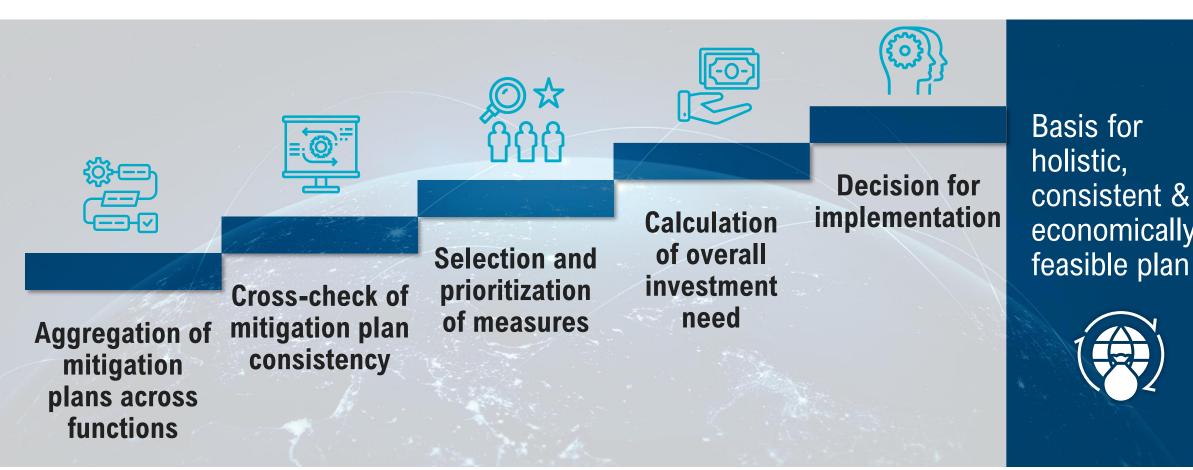
Risk mitigation levers (selection)





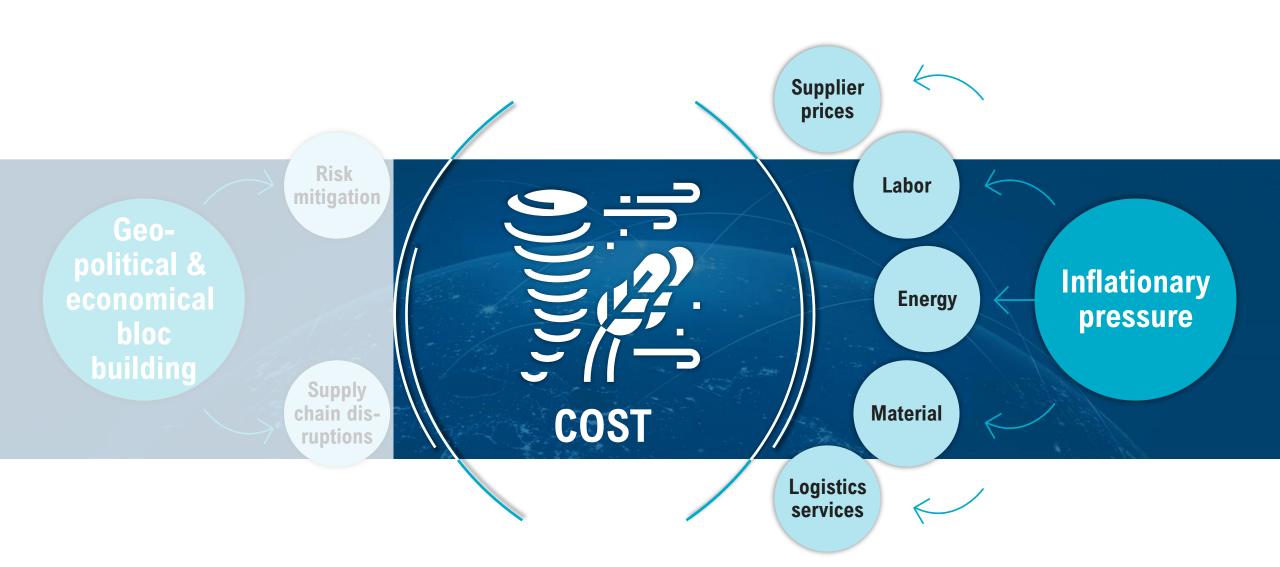
Finally, Controlling can aggregate, synchronize and financially evaluate the defined mitigation measures

Aggregation and implementation preparation



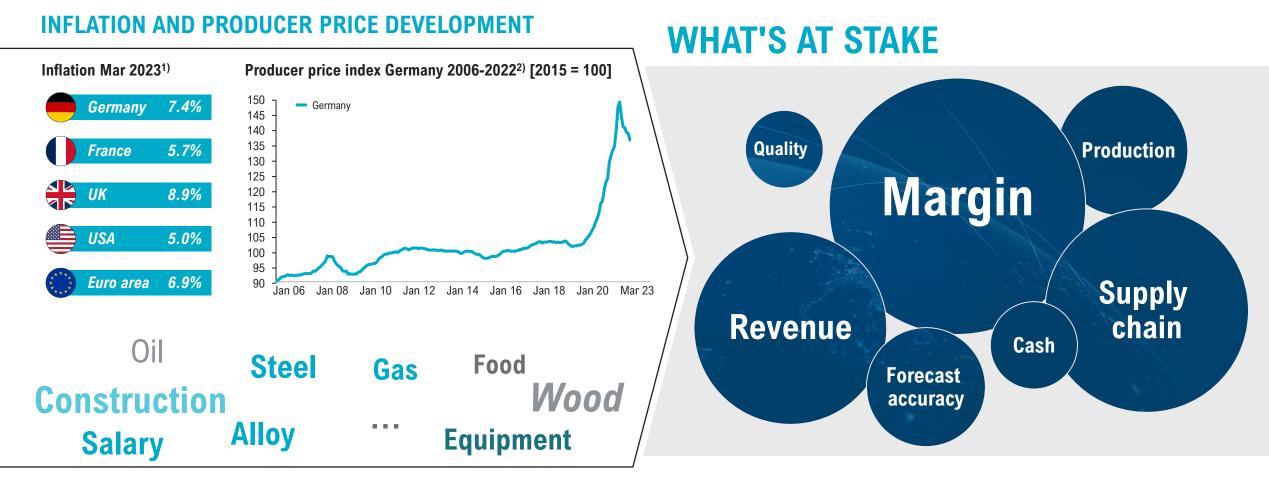
consistent & economically

Challenge 2: Inflationary pressure



Prices of goods and services increased drastically since 2020 and remain on a high level across countries

Market situation and implications for companies



¹⁾ Monthly inflation rate - source: OECD 2) Manufacturing industry; source: Eurostat

Source: Roland Berger, Eurostat, OECD

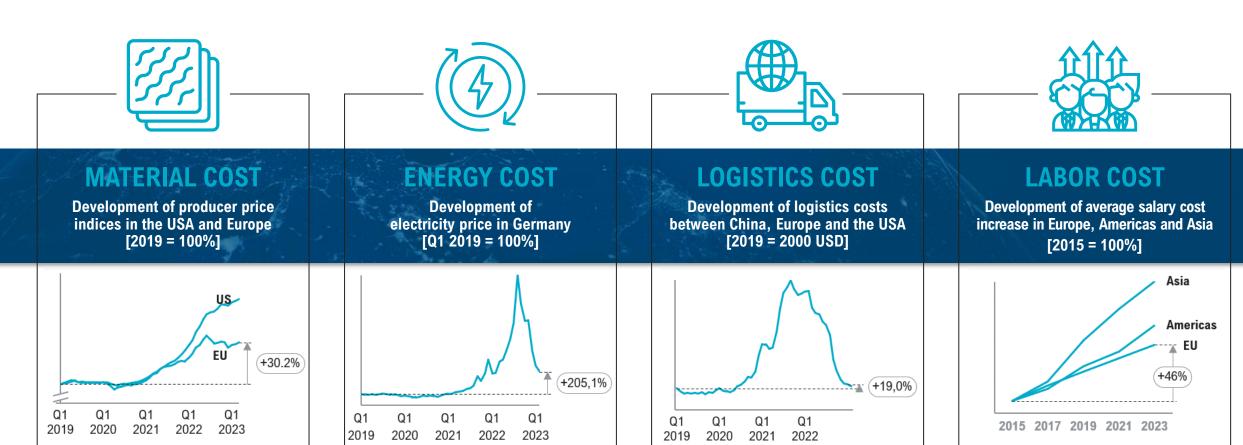
In the light of inflation, companies are squeezed from four directions





The stable equilibrium is out of sync – Especially (tier-1) suppliers in manufacturing industries are squeezed

Price increases affect various areas including material cost, energy cost, logistics cost and labor cost



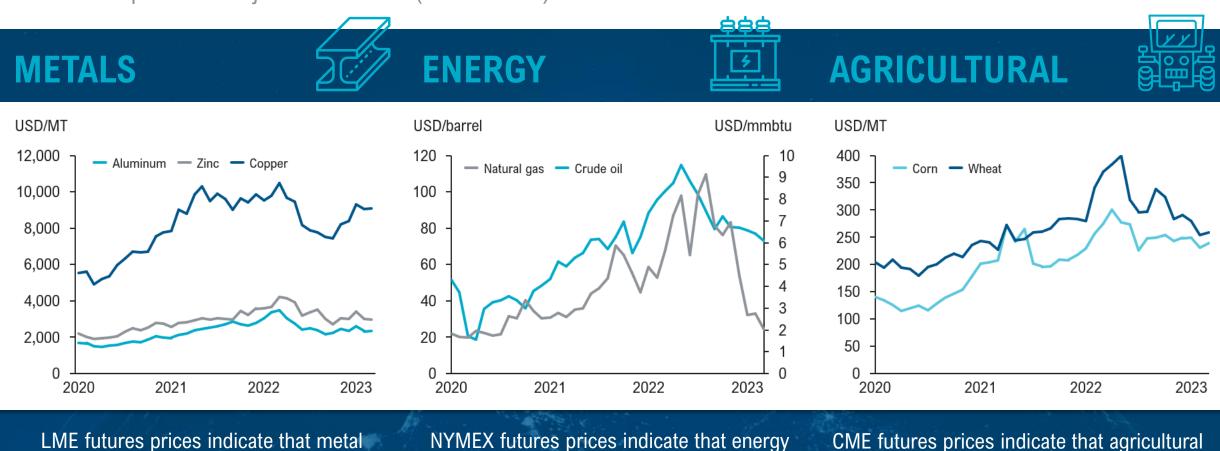


We expect cost to remain at a higher level compared to pre-crisis



Especially commodity prices increased drastically since 2020, which puts inflationary pressure especially on manufacturing companies

Price development of major commodities (2020 – 2023)



prices may even slightly increase again

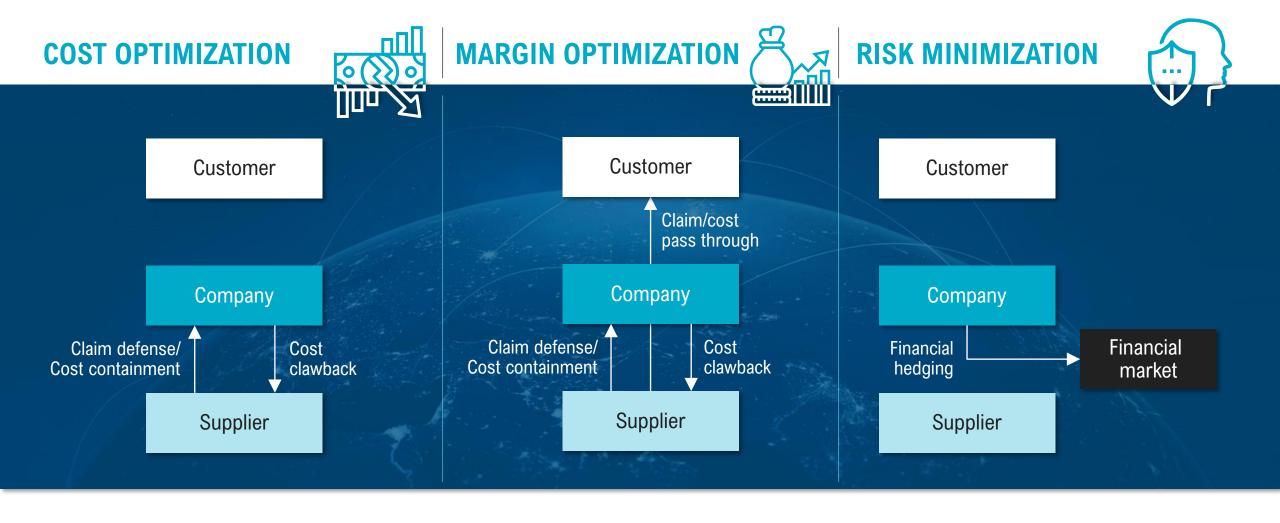
prices remain on a high level

Source: Eikon, London Metal Exchange (LME), New York Stock Exchange (NYMEX), Chicago Mercantile Exchange (CME)

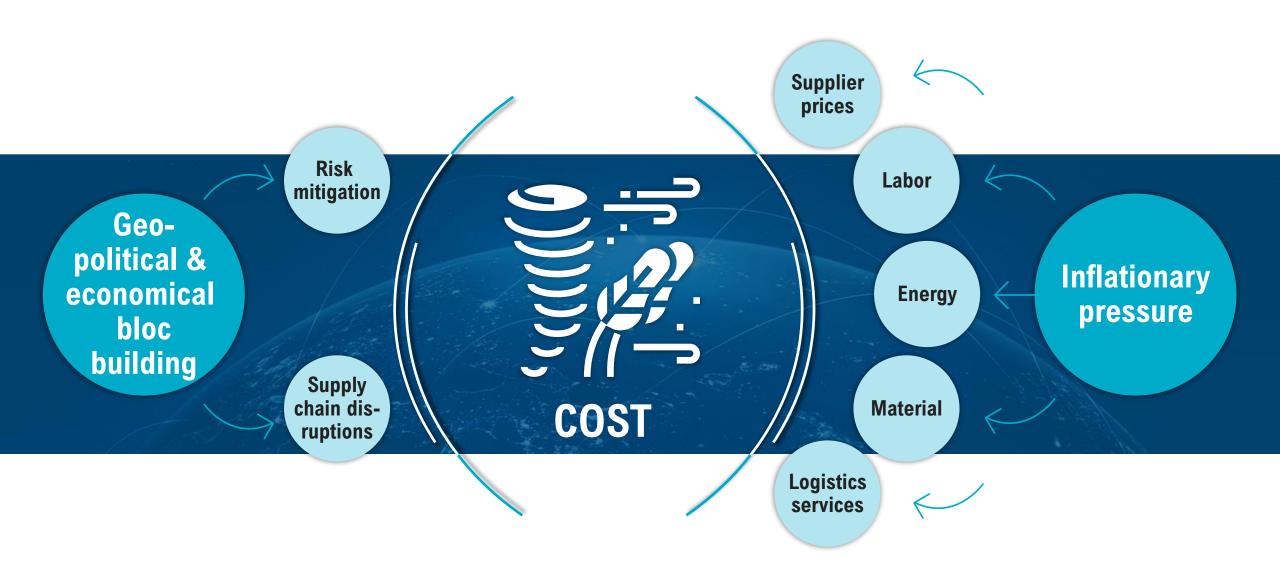
prices remain on a high level

Companies can pursue different optimization trajectories

Inflation optimization trajectories – Overview



What does that mean for Controlling?



Controlling has a central role to successfully navigate the VUCA world

Role of Controlling in a VUCA world

Putting the finger in the wound – **Tougher**

Putting numbers to the "big picture" – More foreword looking

Quantifying business at risk and P&L impact – More entrepreneurial

Triggering measures – More aligned

Synchronizing & evaluating measures – More rigidly

Driving decision making – Faster

Ensuring positive P&L impact – **More ownership**



Four actions are needed to increase the required impact of Controlling

Concrete actions for controlling



- 1. SETUP PERFORMANCE INITIATIVE: Cost claw back, cost containment, cost pass-through
- 2. DRIVE BOARD ALIGNMENT FOR GEOPOLITICAL & ECONOMICAL BLOC BUILDING: Scenarios, risk appetite, reconfiguration requirements, financially viable mitigation plan
- 3. ALIGN INITIATIVES: Synchronization of all strategic initiatives, esp. with management & strategy team
- 4. UPGRADE CONTROLLING OPERATING MODEL: Mandate, processes, digital tools, etc.

Example: Roland Berger's CostIQ is a digital tool to optimize raw material cost claw back and purchasing



Digital raw material purchasing optimization

ADVANCED ANALYTICS FOR DATA-INFORMED DECISIONS

CostIQ is an innovative **decision-support tool based on machine learning** for optimized data-driven cost and risk
management





VALUE OF COSTIQ FOR INFLATION DEFENSE Natural gas ~5% Chemical [EUR k per MWh] industry Cost savings [%] Aluminum [USD k per ton] Automotive industry Copper ~8% [USD k per ton] Mechanical engineering

Questions? We offer you a free "Power hour" to introduce & discuss the details

"Power hour"



Idea

• 45-60 min **content impulse** (pro bono)



Content

- Introduction of the RB view on navigating geopolitical & economical bloc building, inflation defense
- Introduction of trends, examples and best-practices



Participants

You/Your team and RB experts



Format

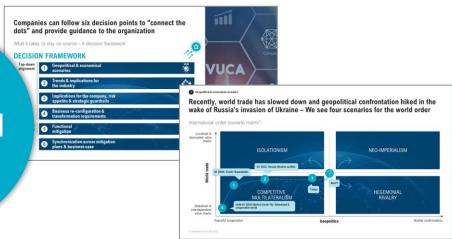
• Online/MS Teams - Minimal effort

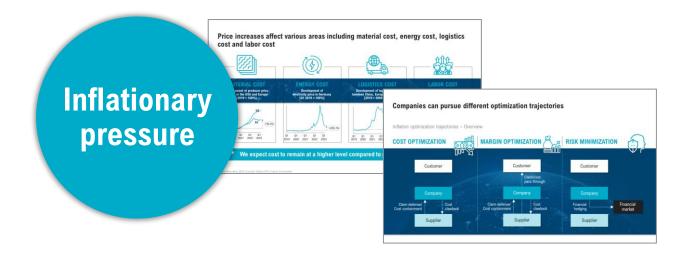


Success factor

 Discussion – Get the most out of it for your specific situation







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